

Poison Prevention

Newsletter

UPSTATE

September 2018

750 East Adams Street • Syracuse, NY 13210

NOW! ONLINE 911/Poison Center Interface Training



Based on customer feedback, the Upstate New York Poison Center is now offering online training for 911 Centers. Training is now available with the click of your mouse. If your 911 Center might be interested in providing training for your staff on effective interface training for poison calls that come into 911 Centers, go online to: http://upstate.edu/poison/community/911-training.php.

GOAL:	To provide 911 staff including administrators, dispatchers and call takers the opportunity to learn more about the services and function of the Upstate New York Poison Center in an effort to increase utilization of the poison center while reducing unnecessary hospital transports.
WHO:	This training is designed for Public Safety Access Points in the Poison Center's 54 county coverage area (click for map of service area) in order to reduce costs and protect valuable community resources.
WHAT:	Training targets the interface between the Upstate New York Poison Center and 911 when poison calls come into the 911 Center.
WHY:	For many years, the Upstate New York Poison Center has traveled throughout its service area to provide this training to 911 staff. Now based on requests to increase ease of access, we are making the training available online.
WHERE:	Now available at your site with no need for external scheduling logistics.
ACT:	View the video to see if this online training might be a valuable tool for your 911 Center. When clicking on the video, you will be asked the name of the county that houses your 911 Center and if you are just browsing or if you are using the video for training purposes. We welcome both. PLEASE take a minute to respond, to help inform our outreach efforts.

CONTACT: The Upstate New York Poison Center: Darlene Marko at 315-464-7078 or markod@upstate.edu







U.S. Surgeon General Jerome M. Adams, M.D., M.P.H., urged more Americans to carry a lifesaving medication that can reverse the effects of an opioid overdose.

The medication, naloxone, is already carried by many first responders, such as EMTs and police officers. The Surgeon General is now recommending that more individuals, including family, friends and those who are personally at risk for an opioid overdose, also keep the drug on hand.

An estimated 2.1 million people in the U.S. struggle with an opioid use disorder. Rates of opioid overdose deaths are rapidly increasing. Since 2010, the number of opioid overdose deaths has doubled from more than 21,000 to more than 42,000 in 2016, with the sharpest increase occurring among deaths related to illicitly made fentanyl and fentanyl analogs (synthetic opioids).

Opioids are a class of drugs that include medications, such as oxycodone, hydrocodone and methadone, which are commonly prescribed to treat pain. Pharmaceutical fentanyl is a synthetic opioid which is 50 times more potent than heroin and 100 times more potent than morphine. It is approved for treating severe pain, typically post-surgical or advanced cancer pain. However, most recent cases of fentanyl-related harms are a result of illicitly made fentanyl.

"Each day we lose 115 Americans to an opioid overdose – that's one person every 12.5 minutes," said Surgeon General Adams. "It is time to make sure more people have access to this lifesaving medication, because 77 percent of opioid overdose deaths occur outside of a medical setting and more than half occur at home." Naloxone, an FDA-approved medication that can be delivered via nasal mist or injection, is not a long-term solution, but it can temporarily suspend the effects of the overdose until emergency responders arrive.

All states have passed laws to increase access to naloxone and, in most states, you can walk into a pharmacy and request naloxone even if you don't already have a prescription. In addition, most states have laws designed to protect health care professionals for prescribing and dispensing naloxone from civil and criminal liabilities as well as Good Samaritan laws to protect people who administer naloxone or call for help during an opioid overdose emergency.

Naloxone is covered by most insurance plans and, for those without coverage, may be available at low or no cost through local public health programs or through retailer and manufacturer discounts. It is easy to use, safe to administer and widely available.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention released new data showing a rise in emergency department visits for opioid overdoses. From July 2016 through September 2017, opioid overdoses increased 30 percent in all parts of the U.S.

Expanding the use of the overdose-reversing drug naloxone is a key part of the public health response to the opioid crisis, along with effective prevention, treatment and recovery programs for opioid use disorder. Research shows a combination of medication, counseling and behavioral therapy, also known as Medication Assisted Treatment, or MAT, can help people achieve long-term recovery.

Source: Department of Health and Human Services at: https://www.surgeongeneral.gov/priorities/opioid-overdose-prevention/index.html

Get Rid of Household Meds

The SNADD program is Onondaga County's solution for safe disposal of household medications, including both over-the-counter and prescription medications.

The goal is to reduce the availability of all drugs in our homes, especially prescription pain medication, thereby reducing the risk of ingestion, exposure, and drug abuse. In Onondaga County get rid of your meds safely by disposing of them at a police department, college and now at SUNY Outpatient Pharmacy Service at Upstate. **Available on an ongoing basis during regular business hours** at the following locations:

SNADD 🚳

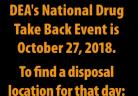
Sharps Needles And Drug Disposal

Onondaga County Med Box & Sharps Kiosk Locations

Site	Address	MedBox	Accepts Sharps/ Needles
Baldwinsville Police Department	16 W. Genesee Street Baldwinsville, NY 13027	Х	Х
Camillus Police Department	4600 W. Genesee St. Syracuse, NY 13219	Х	Х
Cicero Police Department	8236 South Main St Cicero, NY 13039	Х	Х
Crouse Hospital	736 Irving Avenue Syracuse, NY 13210		Х
Dewitt Police Department	5400 Butternut Drive E. Syracuse, NY 13057	Х	
Elderwood at Liverpool	4800 Bear Rd, Liverpool, NY 13088		Х
Geddes Police Department	1000 Woods Rd., Solvay, NY 13209	Х	Х
James Square Health and Rehabilitation Center	918 James St Syracuse, NY 13203		Х
Jewish Home Of Central New York	4101 E Genesee Street Syracuse, NY 13214		Х
Jordan Police Department	7 Mechanic Street Jordan, NY 13080	Х**	
Loretto Health and Rehabilitation Center	700 East Brighton Ave. Syracuse, NY 13205		Х
Manlius Police Department	1 Arkie Albanese Ave. Manlius, NY 13104	Х	Х
Marcellus Police Department	6 Slocombe Avenue Marcellus, NY 13108	Х	
Nottingham RCHF	1305 Nottingham Road Jamesville, NY 13078		Х
Onondaga Community College - CAMPUS SECURITY BLDG	4941 Onondaga Road Syracuse, NY 13205	Х**	Х
Rosewood Heights	614 South Crouse Ave Syracuse, NY 13210		Х
Solvay Police Department	507 Charles Ave Solvay, NY 13209	Х	
St. Camillus Residential Health Care Facility	813 Fay Road Syracuse, NY 13210		Х
St. Joseph 's Hosp. Health Center	301 Prospect Avenue, Syracuse, NY 13203		Х
Sunnyside Care Center	7000 Collamer Rd, E., Syracuse, NY 13507		Х
SUNY ESF	1 Forestry Dr., 19 Bray Hall Syracuse, NY 13210	Х	
Syracuse Home Association	7740 Meigs Road Baldwinsville, NY 13027		Х
Syracuse Police Department	511 South State Street Syracuse, NY 13202		Х
The Crossings Nursing and Rehabilitation Centre	217 East Avenue Minoa, NY 13116		Х
University Hospital, SUNY Health Science Center	750 East Adams Street Syracuse, NY 13210	Х	
Upstate University Hospital - Community Campus	4900 Broad Road Syracuse, NY 13215		Х
Upstate University Hospital - Outpatient Pharmacy Downtown Campus	First Floor, 750 East Adams Street Syracuse, NY 13210	Х	
Van Duyn Center For Rehabilitation and Nursing	5075 West Seneca Trpk Syracuse, NY 13215		Х

SNADD Disposal Sheet

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	1	1	к	L	M	N
68	Burn Date	B'ville	Camillus	Cicero	Dewitt	Geddes	Jordan	Manlius	Marcellus	OCC	SPD	Solvay	ESF	Pounds
69														
70								2018						
71														
72	1/19/18	45	55	45	35	10		25	10	25	10	10	10	280
73	2/9/18	35	50	40	30	15		30			10	10		220
74	3/7/18	25	30	25	20	5	5	20	5	5	5	10	5	160
75	4/12/18	45	55	45	30	10		20	10	5	5	10	5	240
76	5/11/18	70	60	55	60	10	5	40	15	10	25	10		360
77	6/13/18	80	65	50	40	20	10	45	20	20	0	10	0	360
78	7/31/18	80	65	65	40	10	10	50	20	10	10	10	10	380
79	8/24/18	40	45	40	40	5	10	40	5	5		5	5	240



https://takebackday.dea.gov/





ACETAMINOPHEN

THE MOST COMMON DRUG INGREDIENT

- Found in over 600 different prescription & OTC medicines
- In pain & fever relievers, sleep aids, cough, cold, & allergy meds
- Can be labelled as acetaminophen, as "APAP," "acetam"
- Used as directed, it is safe and effective
- BUT there is a daily limit
- Taking more than directed is an overdose
- It can lead to liver damage
- Know your dose
- Always read & follow the label
- Never take 2 medicines with acetaminophen at the same time



Developed by: KnowYourDose.org Acetaminophen Awareness Coalition

